

The Qu'Appelle Express.

Vol. V.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T., FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1889.

No. 4.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
McIntosh Bros., Proprietors.

LELAND HOUSE,
Loves & Raymond, Proprietors.

S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
General Merchant.

G. H. V. BULYEA,
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Furniture, etc.

WM. BRYDON,
Chemist and Druggist.

P. E. DURST,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

JAGGER & DAVIES,
Agents for France, Organs and anything in the music line.

J. & G. BROWN,
Carriage and Wagon Makers and Repairers.

W. H. BELL,
Wholesale and Retail Butcher, Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats, Sausage, etc.

A. MCKENZIE,
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.

J. G. MCKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor.

JAMES WEIDMAN,
Book and Job Printer and Publisher.

J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.,
Harness and Saddlery.

S. H. COLLINS,
Boots and Shoes.

G. M. BAILEY,
Boot and Shoe repairing promptly executed on the premises formerly known as the McManis hotel.

D. H. McMILLAN, & BRO.,
Qu'Appelle Boiler Makers.

J. A. COWAN,
General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle Sta.

H. A. AXFORD,
Agent for Massey Manufacturing Co. Complete farmers outfit always on hand.

A. C. PATTERSON,
Forwarder & General Agent.

J. H. MACCAUL,
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor, Builder, etc.

J. BURGHALL & SONS,
Builders & Contractors.

LEESON & SCOTT,
Prince Albert Mail Stage line leaves Qu'Appelle every Tuesday morning.

R. JOHNSTON,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

J. MCKEWEEN,
General Blacksmith.

FRANK MARWOOD,
General Blacksmith.

J. C. PRICE,
Carriage and Wagon Maker.

J. R. BUNN,
Contractor in Plastering, Kalsomining, Brickwork, Stonework, etc.

E. J. WEIDMAN,
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.

LESLIE GORDON,
Advocate, Notary Public, Conveyancer, COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, AG.

Agent for Canada North West and Co. and Qu'Appelle Town Site.

FAIR & LIFE INSURANCE. MONEY TO LEND QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

DUNDAS STRONG, R. A.,
LATE OF SUPREME COURT, ENGLAND, NOTARY PUBLIC, Advocate for North West Territories, Solicitor, &c.

Money to Lend. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance effected.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

W. S. MCLEOD,
Advocate, Notary Public, Issuer of Marriage Licenses AND RESIDENCE AGENT, Box 42 QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER, QU'APPELLE STATION.

G. S. DAVIDSON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, For the North West Territories. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my office, or at the Government Office, QU'APPELLE.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

J. F. GUERIN, L.D.S.,

DENTAL SURGEON.

QU'APPELLE.

OFFICE on Main street, Qu'Appelle.

S. John's School for Boys

QU'APPELLE STATION.

Head Master, Mr. T. A. Owen.

FEES: \$55 per term, inclusive from which a deduction of \$5 will be made for payment in advance. Tuition only \$15 per Term. For further particulars apply to the Head Master.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

Harness & Saddlery

WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
SADDLES,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

J. & G. Brown,

Carriage & Wagon Maker.

Repairs of all kinds of Wood Work promptly attended to.

Shop one door North of F. Marwood's Blacksmith Shop, Qu'Appelle.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes A SPECIALTY.

P. E. DURST

Watchmaker & Jeweler,

QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
DIAMONDS, SPECTACLES,
ETC., ETC.

Particular Attention

Paid to Repairing all kinds of Fine Watches.

Orders by Mail or Stage promptly Attended to.

W. E. INGEBRAHAM, Manager.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE

Price of Beef.

Steak 10 cts per lb.

Beef by the side, 6 cts per lb.

TERMS CASH.

W. H. BELL,

BUTCHER.

BROADVIEW.

—Winter has now come to stay for a few months.

—Mrs. Stephenson has just returned from Brandon. Her eyes are better and quite free from pain.

—Mrs. George Wallace writes very hopefully. She has been under Dr. Fleming of Brandon, for six or seven weeks.

—Mr. O'Neil residence is now nearly finished, and looks neat and comfortable. Mr. D. Highland is doing the work.

—The Presbyterian Service is to be changed on next Sabbath here from 11 o'clock to 14.30. This will continue for the winter months.

—The one and only child of Mr. and Mrs. Dick was buried on Saturday last. The poor little girl was very worn and thin and no help was of any avail. They have the sympathy of all their many friends.

—The Rev. W. Nicholl and a friend from the country, went off last week on a fishing excursion up the Qu'Appelle Valley some where an after a stay of a couple of days, returned with good 500 pounds of beautiful fish. They report that they never saw fish easier caught.

(Received too late for last issue.)
—We had a visit from A. G. Thorburn, M. L. A. for this district on Sunday last. He looks well. The fights in the Capital are not doing him much harm evidently.

—The Methodist friends had a Concert in the dining hall last Wednesday evening. The attendance was good and result satisfactory financially. Our new P. R. (Dr. Carter) occupied the chair.

—The C. P. R. authorities have a squad of men hard at work this week trying to secure a supply of water for the winter, at a spring near this end of Wood Lake. This Lake is lower than usual this year, it is feared will freeze quite to the bottom. The tanking of the creek, done last winter and this summer is of no avail yet, nor will it be now till the spring thaw comes. This present effort is to meet a winter's need.

STANLEY HEARD FROM.

Henry M. Stanley has been heard from. He has with him Emin Pasha and others, who are returning from the interior of Africa. The details of his sufferings and adventures will receive as much attention in these columns as space will permit. This week we give some chapters of his early life as an explorer on the second page—inside.

FOUND AT LAST.

For many years I suffered from cramp but at last found a remedy for it in Haggard's Yellow Oil, so that I am now free from cramp entirely and recommend Haggard's Yellow Oil to all others who suffer from the same disease. Haggard, Mr. Leon, Severn Bridge, Ont.

IRREPARABLE PEOPLE.

People are often irritable by reason of constipation, skin disease, which destroys confidence and good humor. Salt, bile, indigestion, acid, apoplexy, pimples, scald head, etc., are of this nature, they arise from bad blood and can be cured by using Bar dock Black Bitters according to directions.

WEALTH CANNOT BUY IT.

Health is not purchasable. The saddest sound dyspeptic or the blemish of the human sufferer, despite their wealth. Bar dock Black Bitters is a rational remedy for dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, cramps, dizziness, etc., and every complaint arising from indigestion or bad blood.

HINTS FOR WINTER.

When attacked by a cough or cold, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, croup or influenza, the successful experience of thousands of families who have used it regularly will tell you that during many years and trials the use of Haggard's Pectoral Balm is the only reliable household remedy.

MURDERED IN TORONTO.

HORRIBLE DEATH OF AN UNFORTUNATE WOMAN.

Thomas Kane Brutally and Atrociously Pounded His Wife to Pieces—Whiskey's Awful Work in a Decadent Home—A Scene of Silent Horror.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—A terribly atrocious and brutal murder was committed in the West End between Saturday evening and last evening, the exact hour of the crime being merely conjectured. The victim is a woman named Mary Kane, aged about 35, and the murderer is her husband, Thomas Kane, aged about 45. Whiskey and drunkenness is at the bottom of the terrible affair. The remains of the unfortunate woman lay all last night in the miserable home where she met her tragic end, while the brutal husband occupied a cell at the Agnes Street Station, about two miles from the scene of the crime, just adjoining the Brewery. The crime was not discovered by the police of the Parkdale Division until 6.30 last evening, and at just 11.05, or five hours afterwards, the murderer was arrested in an advanced stage of intoxication, in St. John's Ward.

Thomas Kane and his wife Mary occupied a small single story roughcast house in Jarvis street, just adjoining the Brewery. The house is one of a pair, being the one at the extreme east end of the thoroughfare. The western one of the pair of houses is occupied by Robert Stirling, his wife Annie, and their children. Stirling is a sailor, and he and his wife were the only ones that could be found who could give anything like confirmation about the affair.

About 6.30 p.m. Kane reported to two of his neighbors that his wife was dead. One of them was Mrs. Samuel Gray, who lives in a lane in the rear of No. 37 Stafford street, not far from the scene of the murder, and the other Robert Stirling. The last named went into Kane's house at once and beheld a terrible sight. The house is made up of four small rooms, all scantily furnished and all about the same size, two in front and two behind. The rear two are used as a kitchen and a bedroom. Inside the kitchen, and immediately behind the door leading into the front room, lay stretched the body of the murdered woman. The features presented a horrible spectacle, and blood was spattered all over the floor and walls. The woman was lying flat on her back, with all her clothes on, and her head rested in an ordinary house bread pan. On the back of the head was a terrible wound about five inches long, penetrating to the skull, but not fracturing it. The upper part of the face, hands and arms, presenting the appearance of having been smitten down from a blunt instrument in an endeavor to defend herself. A hammer and a smoothing iron were found in the kitchen, and were laid on both of them. The cut in the back of the head was evidently inflicted with the small end of the smoothing iron. The bed in the room adjoining the kitchen was all disordered and the floor was covered with blood, which had evidently been mopped over.

The first thing that Stirling said, as he afterwards informed the World, was: "This is a fine thing you have done." Kane replied: "Show me what a wike we'll do."

When Kane went to Mrs. Gray's house he asked the women folks to come over and see his wife, as she was dead. He returned with them and when Stirling went for a policeman he left the house and was not seen again until arrested at 11 o'clock last night. He was very drunk, and he had a bottle full of beer in his hand.

Mrs. Curran, of St. John's Avenue, is Kane's landlady. She stated that Kane came round before dark on Saturday and paid her the rent. He was not sober then. After a while Mrs. Kane came over and asked if her husband had paid the rent, as she had become suspicious that he had not, as he had been intoxicated. Mrs. Curran remarked that she never saw Mrs. Kane looking so well or so sad as she did when she called. She did not look as if she had tasted liquor at all.

The woman was evidently killed before she went to bed on Saturday night or after she had arisen on Sunday morning. The fact that she had all her clothes on proves this. Even beneath the deeply cut wounds there were evidences of no loss of beauty, thinness, or feebleness, but a growth of long black hair, was clothed with blood from the gaping wound on the back of the head. The head pan under the head was full of blood, and everything seemed to be spattered with it. It was on the floor under the bed, on the walls, on the door, on the stove, on the kitchen utensils. There had evidently been an effort made to clean the place up, and the body was on a table placed where it was found in the kitchen by the murderer with the pan under the head. With the aid of a lamp, which did not give too much brightness, the reporter and the police inspected the premises. The night and surroundings were ghastly in the extreme. An inquest will be held this afternoon.

Kane came here from Belfast, Ireland, about twelve years ago. Eighteen months ago he married Mary Murphy, the murdered woman. At the police station the charge is murder, but of course the evidence against him is purely circumstantial, as no one has so far been found who saw him commit the deed.

News From Germany.

Berlin, Nov. 18.—Germany and Belgium have agreed to divide the District of Meuse between them.

MERCHANTS' DAY IN THE SOUP.

The Railway Companies Decline to Favor the Proposition.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—D. McNeill and Wm. Edgar, passenger agents of the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways, who were consulted by the Merchants' Day Committee of the Board of Trade, regarding the securing of special rates once a week for merchants wishing to visit Toronto, have considered the matter and sent a reply. They have reached the conclusion that the proposition is impracticable and inadvisable. The concession, they say, could not be confined to merchants alone, and would practically extend to the public, and lead to the concentration of business on the favored days. Another objection was, that the companies could not properly discriminate in favor of Toronto, but that other cities and towns would call for like facilities, resulting in a serious loss of revenue to the companies.

The Toronto Sanatorium Association has been incorporated by the Ontario Government. Its object is to make provision for the care and treatment of persons suffering from the effects of alcohol, opium, morphine, cocaine, chloral and other narcotics. A suitable building and grounds will be secured in the suburbs, where board and treatment will be provided at a remunerative rate. The capital stock is divided into 1,000 shares of \$50 each.

The Special Committee of the Board of Trade, appointed with the freight car famine, has reported that there is an immediate demand for 2,125 cars for shipping lumber alone, exclusive of what is required for foreign shipments, and the regular trade of the city. On account of the scarcity of freight cars shippers of all kinds find great difficulty in conducting their business with any degree of promptness.

Y. M. C. Club is affording its members amusement just now. There are rival factions in the club. Last night's meeting was characterized by a determined fight over a motion to adopt a report from the executive committee. The meeting lasted until 2 o'clock this morning, when an adjournment until to-night was made by mutual consent.

A "Marine Section" of the Board of Trade was formed yesterday. Mr. William Smith was elected chairman, Capt. William Hall, deputy chairman, and these, with J. F. Matthews, J. H. G. Haggerty, C. J. Sylvester, from the executive. This makes the ninth section of the Board. There are now the Bankers' Section, the Drygoods Section, the Lumber Section, the Grain, Malt and Hops Section, the Millers and Flour Merchants' Section, the Coal Section, the Contractors' Section, and last the Marine Section.

The well known wholesale dry goods firm of McMaster, Darling & Co., has been dissolved. Mr. Henry W. Darling retiring. The name of the new firm will be McMaster & Co. James M. Master and John Muldrew are the partners.

Major Andrew Drummond and Detective Williams, of Pinkerton's, came here from Kansas city yesterday morning to institute proceedings against A. C. Drumm, nephew of the major.

Sam Jarvis, sneak thief and house breaker, was sent to Kingston Penitentiary for 6 years by the police magistrate yesterday.

EIGHTY PROMINENT MEN

Are Involved in the Latest London Scandal.

New York, Nov. 18.—A London special says: More than eighty prominent men were concerned in the scandal with telegraph boys in a house in Cavendish street. The only three names that is absolutely safe to mention now are Lord Arthur Somerset, Lord Ronald Gower, and Errol, the nephew of Prince Albert Victor. Lord Ronald Gower is the man who presented the town of Stratford with the statue of Shakespeare last year. Lord Somerset is the son of the Duke of Beaufort, and is a prominent man on the turf. He resigned from the Guards the other day on account of the exposure, and the public was notified through the Court Official Gazette that His Majesty had no further use for his services. Lord Ronald Gower is the man who presented the town of Stratford with the statue of Shakespeare last year. Lord Somerset is the son of the Duke of Beaufort, and is a prominent man on the turf. He resigned from the Guards the other day on account of the exposure, and the public was notified through the Court Official Gazette that His Majesty had no further use for his services. Lord Ronald Gower is the man who presented the town of Stratford with the statue of Shakespeare last year. Lord Somerset is the son of the Duke of Beaufort, and is a prominent man on the turf. He resigned from the Guards the other day on account of the exposure, and the public was notified through the Court Official Gazette that His Majesty had no further use for his services.

Progress of John Bull's Annexation.

Milwaukee, Nov. 18. Options on all the Boiling mills of Milwaukee except the Eagle, and all the grain elevators except those owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Company, are reported to have been secured for an English syndicate. The price is unknown. The Boiling mills number six, with a daily capacity of over 5,000 barrels, and are valued at \$1,250,000. The elevators, which contain six and a half million bushels, are owned by Angus, Smith and Macgregor Bros. Their total capacity is 1,600,000 bushels.

At St. Paul, Minn., the other day, a crack shot named Macgregor took a squirrel from the nest of Wm. E. Havenshaw, a prominent man, and Havenshaw was obliged to sue Macgregor for damages.

Sunday School Lessons.

In this country where so many are so poor and may have no opportunity of attending public worship, our Bible lessons will be a great help to the study of our sacred Scriptures for each Sunday. These lessons are so arranged that the family should come to its members around him and, if possible, sing some hymn and offer prayer, then read the portion of Scripture set for the day, also the portion of the lesson, and each member of the family to talk about it and ask questions. The comments on the lesson we give will help to make the study interesting and valuable to all in answering questions. This should not, however, be allowed to interfere with opportunities to attend to pressing service as frequently as possible. To the regular Sunday school teacher and scholar our Bible study column will be a great help.

OF THE QUEEN OF SHEBA.

LESSON X, FOURTH QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, DEC. 8.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings 10: 1-13—Comment Verses 1-8—Golden Text, Matt. 23: 43—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

(Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.)

This lesson presents to us Solomon at the very summit of his prosperity. He had asked for wisdom and God had given him wisdom which exalted the wisdom of all the children of the east and all the wisdom of Egypt, so that people came from all kings of the earth to hear his wisdom. I Kings 10: 30, 34. His great wealth and some of the uses he made of it is described in the portion of this chapter which follows. Solomon was evidently the uttermost part in one direction of the then known world, a country lying around the extreme south of the Red sea. To this remote land the fame of Solomon concerning his name of Jehovah had been carried. Observe here and throughout the lesson that it was not Solomon, but Jehovah, whose name and glory had thus spread abroad; Solomon being only the human and visible channel of this great glory.

2. "She came with him of all that was in her heart." She came with a great train of camels bearing spices, very much gold and precious stones, somewhat as the wise men from the east came long afterward to the King of the Jews, bearing gold, frankincense, and myrror (Matt. 2: 1, 2, 11), and as all nations yet do when once the glory of the Lord is risen upon Israel (Isa. 60: 6).

3. "And Solomon told her all her questions." The first verse says that she came to prove him with hard questions, but now that she sees and hears him, every question is answered. Seeing Jesus is the way out of every difficulty, and the many things which now seem to us so hard, dark and mysterious will all be cleared up when we see Him as He is.

4. 5. "And when the Queen of Sheba had seen * * * there was no more spirit in her." She had seen the wisdom of Jehovah through him as he answered all her hard questions, and now she beholds with her eyes his house, his table, his servants, their standing, their apparel, his cupbearers, and his counsel to the house of Jehovah, and she looks upon this sevenfold rainbow of glory, all some of her own importance is gone without effort. A sight of the glory of God in the face of Jesus will effectually blind us to the importance of self and to the attractiveness of this present world.

6. "It was a true report that I heard." So must all those who have seen, who have heard of the face of Jesus, come to prove him.

7. "Humbled I became, the world." She must have believed something, or she would not have come on this long journey; but she did not believe all she heard, for it seems too good to be true. Israel's report of the coming was always because "they believed not in God and trusted not in his salvation."

"Behold, the half was not told me, thy wisdom and power exceedeth the fame which I heard." It is impossible to tell the half or the hundredth part of the goodness of God, either of that which has been manifested in the gift of His dear Son, or of that which is laid up for those who love Him (I John 1: 2, 3, 4, 5).

8. "Happy the men, happy those the servants which stand continually before thee, that hear thy wisdom." This was her estimate of the privilege which they enjoyed, and we do not think we said too much, but whether those who enjoyed these privileges thought so or not is another matter. Many who for the first time heard of the face of God say, "How long have you known this?" "Why did you not come and tell us sooner?" while those who possess the Bible and have read much of the promises of God do not prize these things as they ought to prize them, and so they are lost.

9. "Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, who hath said in the house of David, that I should be a king to Israel, and I have been." In the house of David, who was called the throne of the Lord, and Solomon is said to be king for him.

"Blessed be the Lord God of Israel, who hath said in the house of David, that I should be a king to Israel, and I have been." The kingdom of God is the reward of the love of God to the chosen of His grace, and the love of God is the source of all His gifts.

10. "There came to him with abundance of spices three women, each of whom gave to King Solomon." 42, 43. Each of these women gave to King Solomon a great gift, and each of them was a foreigner. The king loved all the names of daughters of men, and he was a foreigner from the house of David. The king loved all the names of daughters of men, and he was a foreigner from the house of David. The king loved all the names of daughters of men, and he was a foreigner from the house of David.

a symbol of prayer (Ps. 135: 2), and the musical instruments were to praise God with. Another form of praise of future things when "prayer shall be made for their continuance and daily shall He be praised" (Ps. 135: 2). A perversion of these things would be to use to make or perform for personal adornment, and as a means of personal gratification; thus Solomon soon degenerated, and thus it is largely today.

13. "And King Solomon gave unto the queen of Sheba all her desire, whatsoever she asked." Besides that which he gave her of his royal bounty he gratified her every desire. He gave as a king, royally and cheerfully. Do we in any measure realize that we are joint heirs with Christ, that He will fulfill the desire of them that fear Him, that He is saying "If ye shall ask anything in My Name I will do it," and that we are even now blessed with all spiritual blessings in Him, while He eagerly longs to show us all His glory (Ps. 135: 2, John 15: 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100).

"So she turned and went to her own country, she and her servants." She came thinking a good deal of herself, and laden with presents for the far famed king; she returned empty of self and laden with his favors. Jesus will cheerfully receive what ever we willingly bring Him, but if we come with any sense of our own importance, and get anything like a glimpse of Him, we shall wonderfully fall in our own estimation, and be glad to receive graciously from Him, instead of thinking that we can give Him anything.

The Evidence of Things Seen.
A Boston child, being taken for the first time to the beach, became very much interested in the crowds of bathers dispersing to the water. Finally, as numbers of the bathers began to return to the bath houses, the child's sympathies became immediately aroused, and turning to her mother she said, sorrowfully, "They must be very poor folk, mamma, they've got so little clothes on!"—Boston Budget.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound
(Liquid.)
This favorite medicine is put up in small bottles, each containing one ounce, and the name of the inventor, S. R. Campbell, in red ink across the face of the label. Beware of imitations, refuse all substitutes, and you will not be disappointed.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound
Cures Chronic Constipation, Costiveness, and all Complaints arising from a disordered state of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious Affections, Headache, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, Rheumatism, Loss of Appetite, Gravel, Nervous Debility, Nausea, or Vomiting, &c., &c.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited), MONTREAL.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

is the oldest and most popular scientific and mechanical paper published in the world. It contains the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry. It is published weekly, and is sent free to all who send for it. It is the best source of information for the student, the professional man, and the general reader.

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

Each issue contains colored illustrations of the latest and most valuable information in all the departments of science, art, and industry.

TRADE MARKS.

FOUR NEW STATES.

South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana and Washington.

On February 22, 1889, the President signed the bill creating South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, and Washington states of the Union.

South Dakota.—The great Prairie State, to which the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway has three main lines, reaching Ellendale, Aberdeen, Huron, Watertown, and Sioux Falls. Go to South Dakota via the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and pass through St. Paul and Minneapolis en route.

North Dakota.—Where is grown No. 1 Hard Scotch Flax wheat, whose healthful climate nurtures the most vigorous and brainy civilization on earth; where single counties raise more wheat, oats and barley, than entire states; the soil of whose fertile prairies is richer than the valley of the Nile; where the Turtle Mountain, Minot, Devil's Lake and Dakota divide the home-seeker to secure a free home. Magnificent daily train service to Fargo, Grand Forks, Grafton, Devils Lake, Bottineau, and all other important points.

Montana.—The golden—Treasures in her mines of precious metals; wealth in her 4,000,000 head of live stock; profit in her fertile fields, producing a larger yield of crops than any other state or territory; the richest country for subsistence on earth where prosperity is universal, which has the best paid labor in the world; a balmy winter climate, caused by warm winds from the Pacific. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway is the only railroad passing through a continuous agricultural country from St. Paul and Minneapolis to the Rocky Mountains. It runs through the Great Reservation of 18,000,000 acres of land, free to settlers, in the Milk River Valley, where water, and coal in abundance; no irrigation required; the only line passing through Great Falls, with its 1,000,000 horse-power cataraacts; immense coal veins, and surrounding farming country of free land, through Helena, the capital city and commercial centre of Montana, and Butte, the richest mining camp on earth, to San Francisco by the Columbia River Valley, Portland and Shasta Route, or Ogden, Utah, to California points. Remember this is the only line running during cars, sleeping cars, and free colonist sleepers of its own from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Great Falls, Helena and Butte. It is also the shortest line to Butte.

Washington.—The country of tall timber, indicated by Puget Sound, the Montananian sea of the Pacific. Do not forget that the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway is the only line which offers a choice of three routes to the Pacific coast. The Manitoba Pacific route is the only line by which passengers en route for Tacoma, Portland, and San Francisco can pass through Port Townsend and Seattle. Free colonist sleepers run through without charge of order. Distance to the Pacific coast is same as by other lines, but prices of tickets are five and ten dollars less. Take the Seattle route.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

For further information, maps, rates, and publications in regard to the resources of the four new states, write or apply to F. I. Whittey, Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., St. P., M. & M. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

THE CHRISTMAS GLOBE.

The Queen of the Holiday Numbers for '89.

FORTY PAGES of Beautiful Illustrations and Literary matter, Coated Paper, Colored Lithographs, magnificent Press Work, Handsome Colored Cover.

TWO LARGE SUPERB LITHOGRAPHIC PLATES, in 15 colors, accompany this number, entitled

"Friends," & "The Canadian Militia."

Gen. Sir Fred. Middleton, in writing about the latter plate says: "I must congratulate the GLOBE upon having produced so creditable a picture. It is very well executed, and appears to me to be quite equal to any from home. THE DIFFERENT UNIFORMS ARE CORRECTLY GIVEN, and the grouping not too stiff."

The whole number is, without doubt, the BEST HOLIDAY PAPER ever issued in this country, and much superior to the great majority of English productions. No Canadian family should miss securing a copy of this magnificent number.

Price 50 cents. To be had from all newsdealers and at the office of

THE GLOBE PRINTING CO., Toronto.

Orders from the Old Country must be accompanied by additional Five cents to cover extra postage.

Orders taken at the Qu'Appelle Medical Hall.

In Defence of Our Country's Homes.

"The Qu'Appelle Progress"

IS A STRAIGHT
Prohibition Newspaper,

Making the Cause of the First Political Importance.

EIGHT PAGES;
FORTY COLUMNS;
WEEKLY FOR
Only One Dollar a Year!

DISTRICT AND LOCAL NEWS

And Correspondence Solicited from all over the Territories.

THE PROGRESS OFFICE

URNS OUT THE NEATEST AND BEST

Book & Job Printing

OF ANY OFFICE IN THE COUNTRY.

OUR BOOK FRINTING.

Is equal to the best and speaks for itself, several books being specimens of the work done by us.

Orders by mail solicited.

ADDRESS, JAMES WEIDMAN,

Publisher, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.

IMPORTANT CLUB OFFER TO OUR READERS

DOMINION

ILLUSTRATED

The only high class Illustrated Canadian Weekly, gives its readers the best of literature, accompanied by engravings of the highest order. The Press throughout the Dominion has declared it to be worthy of Canada and deserving universal support; but its best recommendation lies in its steadily INCREASING CIRCULATION.

SUBSCRIPTION \$4 A YEAR. 10 CENTS A NUMBER.

SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS with Messrs. C. E. Desbarats & Son, Publishers, enable us to offer the DOMINION ILLUSTRATED with

The Qu'Appelle Progress,

At the Low Combination Rate of Four Dollars a Year for both. Send your Order Now. Subscriptions may begin at any time.

Address, THE PROGRESS, Qu'Appelle.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Prohibition First in Politics.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:
One column \$7.00 One Three column \$20.00
Half column 4.00 Two column 15.00
Quarter column 2.00 One column 10.00
Three inches 2.00 Four inches 2.50
Two inches 1.50 Five inches 3.00
Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to notices, sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty, 25 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in advance; single copies 5 cents. A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1889.

SESSION CLOSED.

The second session of the first Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories was closed on Friday last. This has been the most aggressive and useful meeting of the people's representatives ever held in the Territories. The very first day a move was made against the dual language system, and before the session was very old a petition for its abolition was unanimously carried. Full control of our educational affairs was also asked for in view of the popular demand for a non-sectarian system of schools. This action was also practically unanimous. The difficulty that the majority of the members met with firmness was the difference in the disposition shown by the Lieutenant-Governor toward the Assembly this year to that with which he met the House a year ago. When His Honor met the Assembly a year ago he doubtless was desirous of creating a favorable impression as he had only been appointed to office a few months before. He then conceded to the Assembly about all that could be desired to make the present system workable without friction. He asked the Assembly to appropriate the Federal fund, thus placing at the disposal of the House all monies available for Northwest Government purpose. Though many thought this more than the Assembly had the legal right to demand, the action of His Honor at that time was clearly in accord with the demands of the people for as large a measure of responsible government as was possible under the circumstances. In this respect the Lieutenant-Governor acted wisely, and it has not yet been shown that his course a year ago was illegal. The apologists for His Honor's action this year say that he was guided more by the definite lines of the law laid down for his direction. Does this imply that he exceeded his powers or acted illegally last year? That would be the inference to be drawn from His Honor's apologists. But we think his action was quite legal in both cases. Our Act of constitution will bear a very wide interpretation. Rigidly interpreted it gives the Lieutenant-Governor very great power and the Advisory Council and Assembly very little. But it in no way prohibits the Lieutenant-Governor from delegating so much of his power to the Assembly as was necessary to make the system popular. Viewed in this light the action of His Honor appears most reprehensible. He admitted by his course last year that he knew what were

the people's demands and had the power, if he wished, to meet them. This year his "craze and incomprehensible" conduct of affairs is such that every independent member of the Assembly felt bound to resent the sacrifice that had been made of the rights of the House. But it may be contended that the Act does not give the House the rights that are claimed to have been sacrificed. True, but everyone acquainted with British history and law knows that once a concession, that in itself is not illegal, is made and enjoyed by the people or their representatives, it forever after becomes a right. It is manifest from the difficulties encountered by the Assembly that under the existing Act with an incapable Lieutenant-Governor the usefulness of the present House is gone. The next session of the Dominion Parliament must amend our Act of constitution so as to give the Assembly greater power, and in the absence of full responsible government, so define the duties of the Lieutenant-Governor as to require him to act according to the advice of the House and Advisory Council. There are other phases of this question which will be referred to in future issues of THE PROGRESS.

The ordinances passed by the Assembly have been reported in our proceedings of the House.

That the Vidette is hard up for something to say against THE PROGRESS is evidenced by its issue of last week. It has a lot of twaddle about this paper of which the following seems to be the substance: "It appears to be just as easy for THE PROGRESS to state what is not true as it is to tell the truth." This is indeed a serious charge, coming from the source it does. Having made it, we rather think we have the right to demand that the Vidette cite instances. To enable it to do so, if it can, we renew our offer of a fortnight ago to loan it a file of THE PROGRESS from the beginning. We do not suppose the attempt will be made. The Vidette has shown its "love for thy neighbor" for the last four years by little else than frequent faultfinding and slanders of THE PROGRESS, but when called on to produce proof it has uniformly failed to do so. It is an easy matter to make charges and reiterate statements, but it is quite another thing to prove them. We are thereby reminded of the garrulous scandal-monger who "loves" her neighbors so well that she slanders them with the idea that something of what she says will be believed. The Vidette says personally of the editor of THE PROGRESS: "He fully realizes that the three words—'I am wrong'—are the most difficult in the English language for a man to utter." We should say they were when they are not true, but lest our memory should have failed us (we appear to have too good a one to suit our contemporary), we call upon the Vidette to produce at least one instance in our career of four years where it can truthfully be said we were wrong and we will find it so difficult, ay, we will cheerfully reproduce it in double headed type, headed with our best display. Our envious neighbor has now an opportunity to distinguish itself. If it does not meet our just demands, it will have to stand a self-confessed slanderer and falsifier. It was the Vidette that said something not long ago about pulling down others to build up self. Be careful, neighbor that you are not doing that same thing.

—Subscribe for THE PROGRESS.

Some of the whiskey papers of the Territories are tickled because Mr. Richardson, in a letter which we published, advised us not to write another line for Temperance. No doubt Mr. Richardson ere now regrets that he regarded our criticism of him as a personal matter as between himself and the editor of THE PROGRESS, instead of viewing it from the broad standpoint of principle, and therefore is sorry for his hasty language. However, there is this about it. The enemies of prohibition cannot help showing that they would like us to quit the fight. Often the best gauge of the effectiveness of work in any great reform comes from those who hate it. The hardest and most effective workers always come in for the greatest share of their venom. No doubt there are many who would like to see us write no more for Prohibition. We do not believe Mr. Richardson wishes that, as, apart from the mistakes we criticized, no doubt he earnestly desires to promote the Temperance cause.

We had intended to have given an account of the work of the member for South Qu'Appelle during the late session of the Legislative Assembly, but want of time has prevented us this week. It will appear in our next.

THEIR CASE.

The Northwest Legislative Assembly adopted the following which clearly sets forth the case of the majority:

1. Whereas, on Saturday, November 9th, a vote of want of confidence in the Advisory Council was passed by this House on a division of 13 to 8; and
2. Whereas, in consequence of such vote the Advisory Council tendered their resignation to His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, and
3. Whereas, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor refused to accept the resignation of this Council, and the Council persisted in retaining office; and
4. Whereas, a full account of the moneys voted to Her Majesty by this Assembly at its last session for the public use of the Territories has not as yet been rendered to this Assembly by the Advisory Council selected by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor to assist him in matters of finance; and
5. Whereas, at the last session of this Assembly \$105 484 90 was voted (see Ordinance number eight, of 1888) and the statement of public Accounts brought before the Assembly, only accounts for \$18,078.72; and
6. Whereas, on Thursday November 16th, on the motion made by the leader of the Advisory Council to consider the supply for the current year, an amendment was moved to the effect that this House do not consider any further supply until an account has been rendered of the sum voted last session; and
7. Whereas, this amendment was opposed by the members of the Advisory Council and was carried by a vote of 12 to 7; and
8. Whereas, the result of this vote proved that the advice tendered by the Advisory Council to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor was not in accordance with the wish of this Assembly; and
9. Whereas, the estimates laid on the table of this House, do not meet with the approval of the House, inasmuch as they do not include the amounts voted by the Parliament of Canada at its last session for expenses of Government, &c., in the Northwest Territories; and
10. Whereas, on Friday, Nov. 15th, an humble address was adopted by the Assembly, requesting that His Honor the Lieutenant Governor be pleased to accept the resignation of the present Advisory Council, and select another Council;

11. Whereas, the continuance in office of a council not possessing the confidence of the Assembly was a gross violation of the rights and privileges of the Assembly; and

12. Whereas, the Advisory Council have since resigned, and His Honor the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to accept their resignation; and

13. Whereas, no new Advisory Council can be formed which will have the confidence of the Assembly until His Honor has signified his intention to accede to the just demands of the Assembly; and

14. Whereas, in consequence of the position taken by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor, no estimates can be laid before the Assembly and the business of the Territories is seriously impeded;

Therefore be it resolved, that an humble address be made to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that he will cause this resolution to be transmitted by telegram today to the Right Honourable the President of the Privy Council at Ottawa.

The Legislature.

Regina, Nov. 20.

The agricultural committee presented a report to-day urging on the Dominion Government the claims of settlers who are entitled to second homesteads, that the right to pre-emptions be extended beyond the 1st January, 1890, and that encouragement be given to tree culture.

Mr. Cayley presented the report of the memorial committee on responsible government, which was considered in committee and allowed to stand over until next sitting.

The bill introduced by Mr. Cayley to amend the interpretation ordinance proposes to appoint two members of the Assembly to have the powers and perform the duties of an advisory council. It was strongly opposed by Messrs. Brett, Seord and Betts, but the second reading was carried on a vote of 8 to 12.

Mr. Thorburn's resolution of fifteen clauses, dealing with the present situation and asking to be telegraphed to Sir John Macdonald, met with opposition from several members and was finally passed with the usual majority. During the discussion Mr. Betts moved an amendment asking His Excellency to dissolve the House. This was voted down, causing Mr. Betts to intimate that the other side were afraid of the electors. Clause 11 of the resolution says "The continuance in office of a council not possessing the confidence of the Assembly," and clause 14 "In consequence of the position taken up by His Honor no estimates can be laid before the Assembly, and the business of the Territories is seriously impeded."

The Speaker took his seat again at eight o'clock and the Dentists and Vital Statistics bill were passed.

Dr. Brett presented the report of the special committee on a land grant for university purposes.

Mr. Haultain introduced a bill to amend the Legal Profession bill already passed this session allowing outside lawyers to appear before any court in the Territories provided they do it without fee and are registered under the Northwest ordinance.

The bill amending the Interpretation ordinance was passed in committee of the whole on the usual vote and filled in with the names of Thomas Tweed and John Ryerson Neff, who will be His Honor's advisers.

The memorial asking for responsible Government was further considered, and was opposed by Mr. Betts, who said the present system of Government in the Territories had worked admirably as far as the northern districts were concerned.

The House adjourned until Friday at ten o'clock.

The Speaker having the chair, Mr. Cayley presented a further report from the memorial committee, dealing with Mr. Dewney's bill. This was considered in committee of the whole until twelve o'clock, and in addition the following bills were presented: Judicature, hides, mortgages and sales of personal property, schools, municipal, legal

profession, married women's property and the interpretation amendment bill. This latter elicited a powerful denunciation from Mr. Seord, who characterized it as decidedly retrogressive, not within the act, and inimical to the interests of the country. He also roared the "noble thirteen" who, he said, voted together through thick or thin and without rhyme or reason, but who in their secret hearts, he believed, were hunting about for a way to get once more upon constitutional ground.

Regina, Nov. 22

At half past two this afternoon the members of the Assembly gathered in the legislative chamber for prorogation. After the usual formal ceremonies, Lieutenant-Governor Royal came down from Government House escorted by a body guard of police, and read the following speech from the throne:

Genlman of the Legislative Assembly.

In releasing you from further attendance to your duties, I have to congratulate you upon the practical character of your legislation during the present session. The various incidents which followed the resignation of my first Advisory Council, the attitude assumed by a majority of the members, and the earnest desire of all that the business of the country may not suffer in consequence, are circumstances which will tend to mark this session as an historical one. I earnestly hope that the proceedings of the Assembly may result favorable for the peace, order and prosperity of the Northwest Territories.

In the future administration of affairs it will be my constant aim with the co-operation of the House to ensure, if possible, for the people of the Territories an even greater degree of satisfaction than has attended our efforts during the past year.

Occupying as you do the high position of law-givers, permit me at the close of the present session, to remind you of the solemn duty which more especially devolves upon you, namely, the education of the people in submission to the law; in respect for the rights of every one and in love to our common country and loyalty to its institutions.

His Honor gracefully bowed to the House and retired amid applause. The House then rose, and after lustily singing the "Pirate King," the members dispersed.

The demand in England for the Christmas number of the Montreal Star is something unheard of—a great compliment to Canadian enterprise. It is quite encouraging to hear English and Scotch people, where ever you go on the other side, saying: "The Christmas Star was the best of them all." The great American news companies are urging the publishers to sell Christmas Star in the States, but there will not be more than enough to fill the Canadian demand. There are four supplements with the Christmas Star this year.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Northwest Territories,
Judicial District of Western Assiniboia,
To Wit:

BY VIRTUE of a Writ of Execution, issued out of the High Court of Justice, Regina District, at the suit of the Watson Manufacturing Company, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of Thomas Gordon, and another Writ of Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories, Judicial District of Western Assiniboia, at the suit of James Harvey, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of Thomas Gordon. I have seized and taken into execution, at the right title and interest of the said Thomas Gordon in and to the following lands and tenements, viz: the South West Quarter of Section Ten in Township Eighteen (18) in Range Eleven, west of the Second Principal Meridian, in the Northwest Territories, which said right title and interest I shall offer for sale on Saturday, the FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1889, at my office, in the Court House, in the Town of Regina, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff

Sheriff's Office,
Regina, October 30th, 1889.

The Qu'Appelle Progress
Printed at the office of
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,
JAMES H. BENSON, Proprietor.

THE DOMINION IN BRIEF.

SUMMARY OF CANADIAN HAPPENINGS DURING THE WEEK.

A Column of Interesting News Brought Down for Busy Men—What is Going on to Excite Attention in Seven Provinces and the Northwest.

Leamington, Ont., will become a town on January 1st.

Hog cholera is causing excitement in Tilbury East, Essex County.

Ocean steamships have ceased running up to Montreal for this season.

Ex-Premier Mackenzie was the builder of the Sandwich Court House in 1855.

The Toronto Board of Trade has endorsed Chicago for the great World's Fair of 1902.

Twelve thousand bags of beet sugar from Germany was landed at Halifax on Wednesday.

The Masons of Montreal are taking active steps in the direction of erecting a Masonic temple.

Mr. Luke Lyman, secretary and treasurer of the Dominion Bridge Company, Montreal, is dead.

Judge Rose considers Toronto's School for Juvenile Criminals worthy of its station in other localities.

Premier Sullivan, of Prince Edward Island, has been appointed Chief Justice of that province.

The North West Assembly has had a lively discussion on the question of Responsible Government.

The Kingston Whig protests against the circulation of American Sunday papers in Canadian cities on Sunday.

Dr. Wilson, law clerk of the House of Commons at Ottawa, died suddenly in New York on Saturday evening.

Five hundred Kingston ratcatchers have petitioned the Council to take action in the direction of securing free roads.

If the present fine weather continues for ten days it is expected the Niagara & Toronto Railway will be completed.

No more new cases of smallpox are reported on Pelee Island, and those who have the disease are recovering nicely.

The contract has been let for a fine station and offices at Brockville for the Brockville, Westport & Sault Ste. Marie Railway.

La Minerve points out the national peril that exists in the excessive and alarming death rate of children in the Province of Quebec.

The Orange lodges of Ottawa intend having a big demonstration on December 18th, the anniversary of the closing of the gates of Derry.

William McIntosh has been arrested in Buffalo under the Absconding Debtors Act, on a warrant issued by the instance of Geo. Birrell, of London, Ont.

Barton Mann, aged 18, of St. Catharines, employed on the propeller Rochester, left from the Erie freight house dock at Buffalo yesterday and was drowned.

Sir John Lister Kaye left Winnipeg for England, where he will spend the winter in pointing out the advantages of the North West for English emigrants.

A majority of the master bakers of London have conceded the demand for a reduction for a working day of ten hours, and it is likely a strike will be averted.

David Campbell, son of a Montreal tailor, has been arrested in New York, charged with forging bills to the amount of \$16,000. He will be sent back to Montreal.

A sturgeon weighing 45 pounds got stranded on a shoal near Kingston the other day, and was captured by some boys whose punt "grounded" on the shoal.

James Randall, a farmer near Tecumseh, has received word notifying him that an uncle in Australia has died and left him £10,000. Randall leaves for Australia next week.

There is an agitation among the sportsmen of Brockville to limit the shooting of wild duck to private use, as the birds will soon become extinct if they are shot for exportation.

It is reported that Venerable Archbishop Marsh, of London, aged 81, was married in Montreal recently to Miss Hattie Elmore Hutchins, aged 32. This is the archbishop's fourth wife.

At the Prefontaine, of the Montreal corporation, who has returned from an inspection of roadways in New York, London, and Paris, says that the use of macadam and wood is a waste of money.

Ambrose Lepine, who was Riel's principal assistant in the first Manitoba rebellion, says he is going to head an agitation in support of the French language and separate Schools among his own people.

The farmers along the line of the Egyptian branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway intend petitioning the Dominion Government against the decision of the company to close the branch for the winter.

The Ottawa Citizens' Committee, who had in charge the entertainment of American mining engineers, will return to the Ontario Government \$900 surplus on hand, caused by the abandonment of the Port Arthur trip.

Mr. Henry Rogers, of Toronto, has taken an action for \$150,000 against the Canadian Express Company for the death of his son, an express messenger, caused by the explosion of fireworks in one of the company's cars.

At their next hold to inquire into the death of John and Ellen Hagan, caused by the bursting of a boiler at Alton, the jury recommended the appointment of an inspector of dams, to prevent such accidents in the future.

The proposed new Dominion Government is that the Dominion Government of Canada shall turn over to the New West with C. C. company, and Gen. McMillan is expected to take up the two hundred of the service.

The Toronto and Canadian Pacific railways are at the disposal of the Toronto Board of Trade in their inability to issue redemptive bonds for the proposed St. Charles and St. Lawrence bridge across the river.

At the present session of the Provincial School Trustees Association, a motion was made for the abolition of the school system, which was defeated, and a resolution was carried recommending a continuation for the same.

Premier Mitchell advised that if the divisions of the provinces in other provinces are indicated, then the Quebec Gov.

ernment will retaliate on the rights of the English minority, is causing a good deal of indignation in the province.

On Friday a man named Sanders met his wife, who was separated, at a friend's house in the city, and fired four shots at her, two of which took effect. One shot entered the woman's breast and may prove fatal. Sanders is under arrest.

The court martial at Victoria reprimanded Capt. Arthur, commander of the warship Anson, and deducted one year's seniority from Lt. Col. Barrett, his navigating officer, for running the vessel on a rock while conveying the viceregal party to Vancouver.

THE WIDE, WIDE WORLD.

A CONCISE EPITOME OF THE WORLD'S HISTORY FOR A WEEK.

News by Wire from Here, There and Everywhere—What is Going on in Foreign Lands and Climes—A Column for Busy Men.

Mr. Chamberlain has gone to Egypt.

P. T. Barnum's show is said to have captivated London.

Of the 150 Boulangerists arrested in Paris 80 have been held for trial.

New York's World Fair guarantee fund now amounts to \$2,814,324.

The King and Queen of Sweden are going to pass the winter at Tournefort, England.

The canals of New York State are to be closed November 30th, unless sooner closed by ice.

The French Academy has awarded a prize to Marion Crawford, the American author.

Diphtheria has become so prevalent at Elkhart, Indiana, that all the schools have been closed.

Archbishop Ireland says there is no probability that the Papal ban on Masonry will be removed.

The New Orleans Chamber of Commerce favors Chicago for the World's Fair in preference to New York.

Mrs. Hodgson, Barnett, the authoress, who was some time thrown from her carriage, is recovering.

Prince Albert of Wales reviewed 7,000 troops at Poonah India, and afterwards visited the Rajah of Bhopal.

The hop crop of Europe this year is estimated at 102,000,000 pounds, and that of the United States at 25,000,000 pounds.

The British Board of Trade returns for October show a marked growth in trade between Canada and Great Britain.

According to the calculations of the Paris police, 5,000,000 provincials and 1,500,000 foreigners visited the great Exposition.

Philadelphia and New England capitalists are making an attempt to annex the Southern States. Millions of capital is being invested.

In the Parochial (Catholic) Schools of Massachusetts there are 39,300 pupils, while in the Public Schools there are 178,097 pupils.

Pennsylvania iron companies are raising the wages of the employees at their furnaces, in consequence of the advance in iron prices.

An American syndicate of capitalists has offered to make a railroad from Rome at a cost of \$25,000,000. The offer is being considered.

The Roman Catholic Abstinence Society of America propose to endow a chair in the new university at Washington in memory of Father Matthews.

The Hungarian Government has obtained control of 10,000 taverns throughout the country, many of which will be converted into school houses.

Three of the four breweries in Kansas City have been practically sold to the English syndicate which recently purchased the breweries of St. Louis.

A meeting of the Roman Catholics was held in Baltimore in favor of high license. Cardinal Gibbons and other church magnates were present.

At the Chicago Convention of the W.C.T.U. there are 467 delegates. All of these have been Sunday school teachers, and 379 have taught day schools.

A New York Herald correspondent has visited Mrs. Parnell at her home near Bordentown, N.J., and found the old lady in utterly delicate circumstances.

A Manchester, England, firm has contracted to build the projected Fifth of Clyde canal to connect the Atlantic ocean with the North Sea for \$5,000,000.

Lord Salisbury, in a letter to the latter's Association of Manchester, says he has no prospect of inducing the American Government to reduce the duties on hats.

There is an outbreak of typhoid fever at Morristown, N.Y., supposed to be caused from the water in the lake, which, like the St. Lawrence, is unusually low this season.

Charles Bolton and Alex. Kerr, brothers-in-law and farmers, of Southdowns, Ill., fought a duel with pocket knives the other day over a financial dispute. Kerr was fatally injured.

It is reported that a breach has occurred in the National W.C.T.U., which has been holding a convention at Chicago, and that Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, will head another organization.

The proposal to establish a negro colony in Mexico is regarded with favor by the people, who think that in the poor class Mexico has as large an element of a different race as in any other country.

It is reported that Count Kient von Hoes, a soldier of Prussia, is to be married in the spring to Miss Elizabeth Thompson, daughter of Mr. Thompson, of the Standard Oil Co., of Chicago.

The application of the Rochester & Lake Ontario Railroad Company for permission to cross the operation of its road during the coming winter season has been denied by the Board of Railway Commissioners.

At the conclusion of the W.C.T.U. held in Chicago, the diamond medal prize offered for oratory was won by Daisy Goodrich, an 11-year-old girl from Nebraska, who delivered an address on "Larger an Outing."

In his address yesterday before the Parnell Convention, Henry James contended that the United States is not a democracy, and that the American people are not a democracy.

Lord Salisbury has advised Mr. Matthews, the Home Secretary, to protest to the latest investigations of the abominable

accusations which have been made against certain titled members of a private club in London.

Archbishop Ryan's support of the rights of Roman Catholics writers to criticize the conduct of priests has created a sensation in the City of Mexico, where the archbishop has recently excommunicated a number of persons for so doing.

At the annual meeting of the Imperial Federation League in London, it was resolved to constantly urge on the government the necessity of holding at regular intervals Imperial Conferences for the purpose of considering matters of common concern.

The annual conference of the Church of God in Christ Jesus opened in Chicago. The sect holds to the belief in the restoration of Israel, that man's present state is mortal, dependent upon Christ for future life, and that Christ, when on earth, was a personal ruler not controlled by the Supreme Being.

Mrs. Annie Besant brought a libel suit against Rev. Mr. Hoskyns, pastor of a church in Stepney, who issued a circular in which she was running for membership on the London School Board. It was stated that she regarded herself as a witch and unbridled sensuality as a virtue. The case came to trial, when the jury disagreed.

FAIL OF DOM PEDRO II.

THE BRAZILIAN MONARCH PEACEFULLY OVERTHROWN.

Soldiers in Rio de Janeiro at the Nation of the Revolution—A Provisional Republican Government Organized—Dom Pedro Will be Treated leniently.

New York, Nov. 18.—(Revolution) has broken out in Brazil. The monarchy has been overthrown and the Brazilian army is in control. The Minister of Marine has been shot and seriously wounded by rebel soldiers. The Brazilian Ministers have tendered their resignation, and the situation is controlled by the army. The revolution is for the purpose of forming a republic.

A London special to the Sun says: The question as to the nature of the future government will be submitted to a plebiscite.

A later despatch reports that a republic has been proclaimed by Senator De Fonseca as president. The Imperial Ministers have been placed under arrest, and are kept in close confinement. The provisional Government has guaranteed protection to the members of the imperial family.

The Emperor is at his summer palace at Petropolis, twenty-five miles north of Rio de Janeiro. All business in the city is suspended, but there is no danger to life or property.

A still later despatch says that the new Brazilian Cabinet has been organized by the soldiers as follows:

President, without portfolio—Gen. Isidoro de Fonseca.

Minister of the Interior—Aristide Loba.

Minister of Foreign Affairs—Eugênio Boscary.

Minister of Finance—Dr. Barbosa.

Minister of Justice—Campos Salles.

Minister of War—Benjamin Constant.

Minister of Marine—Admiral Vanderholtz.

Minister of Agriculture—Demetrius Ribeiro.

Senhor Boscary is a journalist. Senhor Barbosa was a member of the Chamber of Deputies. Senhor Constant is a journalist and a professor in the Polytechnic School. Gen. da Fonseca held command of the province of Minas Gerais. He was recently punished for insubordination.

The Chamber of Deputies has dissolved, and the Council of State has been abolished. Public opinion appears to be in favor of a peaceful trial of the new form of Government. Everything is quiet.

The new Brazilian Government has issued a manifesto announcing that the monarchy has been abolished. Various provinces sent assurances of support to the new regime. The former Prime Minister has been arrested. The Emperor will be treated with the greatest consideration.

London, Nov. 17.—The newspaper Comercio Portuguez of this city has received this despatch:

Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 15—4:50 pm.—Senhor Constant, Senhor Boscary and Gen. da Fonseca virtually constitute the Government. Gen. da Fonseca is the actual leader.

"Troops have started to capture the Emperor and his family. The populace is dazed. Hopes are entertained that enough troops will remain loyal to overcome the rebels."

There is no information as yet to throw a clear light on the immediate cause of the present outbreak. It is speculated, however, that it has some connection with the rapid development of all sorts that has been going on, particularly in Southern Brazil, the past year. The immigration to Brazil has been very large recently, both the Imperial and Provisional Governments offering great inducements. The railroad development of the empire has been large. There has been a great deal of commercial prosperity as incident to the high rate of exchange, the readiness of Europeans to grant long credits, and the successful funding of municipal, provincial, and Imperial debts. The Baron Figueiredo, not two months ago, organized a bank with \$10,000,000 of capital, and the banks were recently offered. Men fought for places in the lines to get them, and the shares sold for a premium at once. Another bank, with a capital of \$10,000,000, was brought into existence through subscription with similar results. Simultaneously the Liberais consolidated the external debt, amounting to about \$27,000,000, on a 4 per cent basis. The foreign public was taken by the Liberais at about \$5. This revolutionary movement now occurs during the very best of our financial developments.

For years the prevailing belief has been that a republic was inevitable, but it was thought that it would not come until the death of the Emperor. It was frequently stated in the press, however, that the Emperor had come to the end of his rope, and that he would be forced to abdicate. It was held that he would be forced to abdicate, and that he would be forced to abdicate, and that he would be forced to abdicate.

this country by the Emperor of Brazil, and the moment his government falls their appointments are cancelled unless they receive new instructions.

It is said Dom Pedro has a private fortune. Over one-half of the money he received from the Brazilian Court every month he devoted to establishing schools and providing for the poor. Thus he has done for years and consequently he has no fortune to fall back on.

New York, Nov. 18.—The Times' London special says the overthrow of the Brazilian Empire has been accomplished with the sacrifice of a single life, and the new provisional government is proceeding with its work as methodically and peacefully as though it had been in existence for years instead of hours. Dom Pedro was offered \$2,500,000 in cash, and provision for the rest of his life in the form of an annual pension of \$400,000, which is to be provided for in the civil list of the new republic. He promptly accepted the offer. Dom Pedro and his family go into perpetual exile, their absence from the country being regarded by the leaders of the republic as essential to the peace and welfare of the new government. The new flag of the United States of Brazil which takes the place of the Imperial emblem, with crown and coffee leaf is composed of green and gold stripes with a blue field, on which are emblazoned nineteen stars. To-day it is hoisted everywhere, and is recognized in every province with the exception of Bahia, from which reports come of opposition to the new order of things. Business in Rio was suspended only twenty-four hours, and an empire was destroyed and a republic born almost before the general public was aware that anything unusual was going on.

The Russian military authorities are testing a new rifle.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another badly chopped. One Chinaman was fatally shot.

Three masked robbers attacked a Chinese wood-chopping camp near Portland, Oregon, the other day. A light ensued, and one of the robbers was killed and another

The Fourth white powder is sometimes in
with a drup of sugar and water boiled up
it forms a fine strand between the tea
and finger. This drup contains 6
parts of white sugar to water.

QU'APPELLE OBSERVATORY.

Readings of the thermometers for the week ending Wednesday, Nov. 27th, 1889:

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Thursday, Nov. 21.....	22	12
Friday, Nov. 22.....	16	-5
Saturday, Nov. 23.....	17	3
Sunday, Nov. 24.....	18	4
Monday, Nov. 25.....	19	3
Tuesday, Nov. 26.....	12	-2
Wednesday, Nov. 27.....	14	-17

WIND VELOCITY AND DIRECTION.			
	6 a.m.	1 p.m.	6 p.m.
Thursday, Nov. 21.....	sw 6	sw 8	sw 4
Friday, Nov. 22.....	calm	calm	calm
Saturday, Nov. 23.....	calm	sw 3	sw 3
Sunday, Nov. 24.....	calm	sw 6	sw 4
Monday, Nov. 25.....	sw 4	sw 8	sw 6
Tuesday, Nov. 26.....	sw 14	sw 15	calm
Wednesday, Nov. 27.....	calm	calm	sw 3

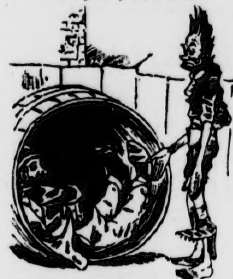
The Qu'Appelle Progress

The Leading Paper in
East Assiniboia.

Only \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1889.

A Compulsory Renovation.



Contented Boars—What was it, Bill
Dogg?
Unhappy Siders—Nope. Got kicked in a
street sweepin' machine, feet first.—Judge.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's
Chain of History.

—Rev. G. Montreuil was in Win-
nipeg this week.

—The Methodist Sunday School
will hold their anniversary on
Christmas night.

—After a little snow and a dip
down to 17 below zero, the weather
has again moderated.

—The Presbyterian Sunday School
are advertising a Christmas tree and
cantata on Monday evening, Decem-
ber 23.

—The Cricket Club are preparing
for a grand theatrical performance
on Tuesday evening, December 31,
New Year's Eve.

—Mr. G. S. Davidson has been
appointed agent for A. Harris, Son
& Co., and is now in a position to
supply everything from a bob-sleigh
to a threshing machine.

—According to the resolution
passed by the Diocesan Synod in
June last, the offertories in St.
Peter's church on Sunday next will
be given to the Diocesan fund for
Indian missions. During advent
there will be evening prayer with
address on Friday evening at 19.30.

—The proverbial good luck of
Mr. Harry Mitchell, the Qu'Appelle
well digger, is again to the fore,
he having succeeded in finding
what promises to be an abundant
supply of water for Robert Brown,
on section 22, at 12 feet. This is
all the more creditable considering
there have been 12 wells dug al-
ready on the place, and a bore of 100
feet by Government augur, without
obtaining a supply.

—“A Christmas Carol,” by Chas.
Dickens, illustrated by tableaux, will
be read by Mrs. Guerin in the immi-
grant building, on Friday evening,
Dec. 6. This Carol is one of the
finest things that fell from Dickens'
grand pen, and Mrs. Guerin knows
how to render it to bring out its
great beauty. The public may rest
assured that the evening will be
entertaining and instructive as well
as elevating, and we bespeak for her
a full house. The four tableaux will
represent “Marley's Ghost,” “The
Ghost of Christmas Past,” “The
Ghost of Christmas Present,” “The
Ghost of Christmas yet to come.”
Doors open at 19.30; commence at
20 o'clock, sharp. Admission 25
cents; tickets may be had at the
usual places.

—Mr. John Grey proposes to run
the skating rink this winter.

—Our Roman Catholic friends
are preparing for midnight mass on
Christmas night in their church.
They are always tasty.

—A well has just been dug on
the Roman Catholic Church prop-
erty. A good supply of water has
been obtained at twenty feet.

—The Secretary-Treasurer of the
Agricultural Society received the
Government cheque on Saturday
last and has this week distributed
the prizes.

—A public meeting and enter-
tainment will be held in the Philhar-
monic Society's rooms on Monday
evening Dec. 9, under the auspices
of the R. T. of T.

—The farmers in this district will
be pleased to learn that Mr. G. S.
Davidson has accepted an agency
from Messrs. Harris, Son & Co., one
of the oldest and most reliable im-
plement firms doing business in the
Northwest.

—Mr. R. Johnston, of this town,
went out to the Fort on Tuesday
last and showed the people out
there how to play billiards. He
won a match between himself and
Mr. E. Belanger, and brought home
the stakes.

—Mr. W. S. Jones, the representa-
tive of the Mutual Life Insurance
Company, of New York, the oldest,
largest and best company in the
world, is in town till Sunday even-
ing. Parties should take advantage
of this and place their insurances
while Mr. Jones is here. He can
be found at the Queen's.

—At the Queen's: K. Collins,
London; W. Ridsdale and wife,
Duck Lake; W. J. Rutherford, E.
Egan, W. S. Jones, John Jack-
son, R. Norris, Jos. Page, H. Insull,
Winnipeg; D. C. McGregor, L. Du-
presne, Montreal; J. Pomroy,
Moosomin; L. Kamplin, Indian
Head; T. Jones, Rosser.

—At the Leland: J. Y. P. Rees,
Wm. Claxton, J. E. Monro, J. Hoey,
Prince Albert; J. Zinkan, A. Mc-
Donald, Mr. and Mrs. Iredale, Fort
Qu'Appelle; G. T. Oliver, W. B.
Macnamara, A. S. Binns, Winnipeg;
A. J. Darch, Lethbridge; T. Tyler,
Moosomin; S. B. Lowes, E. Burrill,
Brandon; J. J. Walsh, Toronto; E.
Hooper, N. W. M. P.; Wm. Mc-
Kenzie, Duck Lake; A. D. Wright,
Bantf; O. E. Collins, Winnipeg; T.
Grover, Regina.

—The marriage of Corpl. George
Purches and Miss Mary Raymond,
sister of Mr. Angus Raymond, of
this town, was celebrated at the
Leland House on Wednesday evening.
The bride was assisted in the
ordeal by Miss M. Scott, whilst the
groom was supported by Mr. H.
Jagger. The nuptial knot was tied
by Rev. A. Robson, of Fort Qu'Ap-
pelle. After the ceremony, the
wedding party adjourned to the
dining room where a sumptuous re-
past was done ample justice to.
The good wishes of the communi-
ty in general are tendered to the
happy couple. Who comes next?

—A number of the many friends
of Corpl. Purches, instead of each
making him a wedding present,
combined their sums of money and
invited him to Mr. Bulyea's furni-
ture store to make a selection. The
articles selected were then presented
to him with the following address,
accompanied by the names of the
donors: “We take advantage of the
occasion of your marriage to Miss
Mary Raymond to present to you
the furniture accompanying this
address as a small token of our
esteem, and desire to convey to
yourself and bride their sincere
wishes that you may long be spared
to enjoy health, happiness and
felicity.”

THE CRADLE.

Goodwin.—At Edgeley, on the 13th inst.,
the wife of Mr. Frank Goodwin, of a daughter.

Crato.—At Edgeley, on the 13th inst., the
wife of Mr. J. H. Craig, of a daughter.

THE ALTAR.

Purches.—RAYMOND.—By the Rev. A.
Robson, at the Leland House, Qu'Appelle,
on the 27th inst., Corpl. George Purches
and Miss Mary Raymond, both of Qu'Ap-
pelle.

Proctor.—CONN.—At the residence of
Mr. John Dunn, on the 29th inst., by the
Rev. A. Campbell, John Proctor and Geo-
rgina Conn, daughter of Mr. B. Conn,
of Qu'Appelle Valley.

PRESBYTERIAN Sunday School! Xmas Tree!

Together with a Musical Festival
by the chorists of

CANTATA.
Entitled THE LITTLE GYPSEY, on the
evening of
Monday, Dec. 23.
Further particulars will be announced.

ASTRAY.
STRAYED on the premises of the under-
signed, Sec. 18, 19, 16, ONE RED
TWO YEAR OLD HEIFER. The owner
is requested to prove property, pay expenses
and take her away.
GEORGE MATCHETT
Fairview, Nov. 21, 1889.

FOR SALE.
12 Cows, all in calf to thorough-
bred bull.
2 Horse Teams.
Time given on part of purchase money.
L. W. MUEHLAND, D.
Qu'Appelle.

ENGLISH CHURCH.
ST. PETER'S, QU'APPELLE.
Sunday Services, 11 and 12 o'clock every
Sunday. Holy Communion every Sunday
at 8 o'clock and 12 o'clock alternately.
Sunday School at halfpast 10 o'clock.
Children's Service at halfpast 11 o'clock
the first Sunday in the month.
Evangelism on Wednesdays at 19.30. Choir
practice afterwards.

S. CHURCH.
Evangelism every alternate Sunday at 15
o'clock. Once a month when there will be
Matins and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock.
EDGELY FAIR.
Services every alternate Sunday evening at
15 o'clock.

MELBA.
Services every alternate Sunday in the
School House at 15 o'clock.
BALGONIE FAIR.
Services every alternate Sunday at 12.30
o'clock.

S. JOHN'S COLLEGE CHAPEL.
Holy Communion, at 6.30 every Thursday
and at 7 o'clock every alternate Sunday.
Daily Morning and Evening prayer.
Clergy.—Rev. Arthur Kraus, Rev. H. S.
Akeley.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. F. W. Fraser,
Qu'Appelle.
Services every Sunday evening at 19
o'clock. Sunday School and Bible Class at
11.30 o'clock.

A class for the systematic study of the
life of Christ, conducted by Pastor, Wednesday
evening at 20 o'clock. All welcome.

BALGONIE.
Services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.
Sunday School and Bible Class after service.

METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. Tozeland,
Qu'Appelle.
Services every Sunday evening at 19
o'clock. Sunday School and Teaching
Service at 11 o'clock. Class meeting every
Sunday morning after service. Prayer meet-
ing every Wednesday evening at half past
19 o'clock.

EDGELY.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 14.30
o'clock. (2.30 p.m.)

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Qu'Appelle.
Services every second Sunday in the month
Mass at 10.30 o'clock. Evening service
at 19 o'clock (7 p.m.)
Pastor.—Rev. G. Montreuil.

MASONIC.
QU'APPELLE LODGE.
Regular meetings on the Tuesday before
full moon, at 20 o'clock. G. B. Murphy,
W. M.; J. B. Robinson, Secy.

ROYAL TEMPLEARS.
QU'APPELLE COUNCIL.
Regular meeting in the Methodist church
every Monday evening at 20 o'clock (8 p.m.)
G. H. V. Bulyea, S. C.; D. S. Davies, Rec-
ord Secy.

**NORTHWEST PROHIBITORY ALLI-
ANCE.**
G. H. V. Bulyea, President.
James Weidman, Secretary-Treasurer.
Frank Marwood, Secretary Qu'Appelle
Branch.

QU'APPELLE (STATION) POST OFFICE.
Mails close for the east and west every
evening except Wednesday at 19 o'clock;
open for delivery at 8 o'clock.

For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at
7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 18 o'clock.
For Prince Albert and points on the Sas-
katchewan, close every Tuesday at 19 and
open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

The post office closes every evening at 19
o'clock; registered mail at 18.30, and money
order department at 15 o'clock.

QU'APPELLE PUBLIC SCHOOL.
D. S. McManuel, Principal; M. West-
away, Assistant.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.
The regular meeting of the Council is
held on the first Saturday of each month.
J. F. Cates, Chairman; J. A. Cowan, J. B.
Brown, R. S. Ross, Jas. Smith, J. H. Fraser,
W. S. Rolph, Councilors; A. McMe-
lane, Clerk.

BOARD OF TRADE.
Holds regular monthly meetings, with
weekly meetings of Executive.
J. F. Beauchamp, President; W. S. Rolph,
Secretary.

CRICKET CLUB.
G. S. Davidson, President; R. Dundas
Strong, Secretary; H. Peck, Captain.

BASHALL CLUB.
S. H. Cassell, Captain; G. H. V. Bulyea,
President; D. S. McManuel, Secretary.

QU'APPELLE HUNT.
Lieut. Governor Royal, Patron; H. Peck,
Master; A. H. B. Seeling, Secretary.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.
A. Webster, President; J. Doolittle,
Secretary.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.
James Smith, President, Ross, Secy.
John C. H. Thompson, Hon. Pres.
James Smith, Secy.; A. H. V. Bulyea,
Secretary.

THE LATEST IN ORGANS AND PIANOS.

WE HAVE BEEN APPOINTED
Sole Agents for this District
FOR THE NEW

**Scribner's Patent Resonant Combination
ORGANS.**

THE FINEST THING!
In Connection with the Reed Organ Ever
Invented.

Cannot be excelled for Tone, Volume & Finish.
IN VARIOUS STYLES. PRICES LOW.

See Circulars which may be obtained from
JAGGER & DAVIES
QU'APPELLE.
Agents for Organs, Pianos, etc. Everything in the Music line.

JAMES & FURNESS, Produce and Commission Merchants,

DEALER IN
Mess Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Butter, Dried
Fruit, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Hops, Grain,
BALED HAY AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE,
72 Colborne Street, Toronto, Ontario.
Fish, Game and Poultry Handled in Season. Advances made on Consignments.
Consignments of all kinds of Produce Solicited.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! NOW SELLING AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF
Boots and Shoes,
**Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GROCERIES**

is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself
J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

THE LE LAND HOUSE, Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,
PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES. TERMS MODERATE.

H. MCINTOSH. A. MCINTOSH QUEEN'S HOTEL, OF THE TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

McINTOSH BROS., PROPRIETORS.

J. Burghall & Sons, FRANK MARWOOD

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
P. O. Box 409, Qu'Appelle

Jobbing Punctually at-
tended to.

Estimates Free.
Designs furnished or Drafts made when
Required.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH